

Some Bullen-Simpson type inequalities for differentiable s -convex functions

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ABSTRACT. Convexity is one of the fundamental principles of analysis. Over the past few decades, many important inequalities have been established for different classes of convex functions. In this paper, some Bullen-Simpson type integral inequalities for functions whose first derivatives are s -convex in the second sense are established. The cases where the first derivatives are bounded as well as Hölderian are also provided. Some applications to numerical integration and inequalities involving means are given.

1. INTRODUCTION

Let I be an interval of real numbers.

A function $\mathcal{B} : I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is said to be convex, if for all $\mu_1, \mu_2 \in I$ and all $\mathfrak{h} \in [0, 1]$ (see [35]), we have

$$\mathcal{B}(\mathfrak{h}\mu_1 + (1 - \mathfrak{h})\mu_2) \leq \mathfrak{h}\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + (1 - \mathfrak{h})\mathcal{B}(\mu_2).$$

One of the famous inequalities for the class of convex functions is the so-called Hermite-Hadamard inequality (see [35]), which can be stated as follows:

Theorem 1. *Let f be a convex function on the interval $[\mu_1, \mu_2]$ with $\mu_1 < \mu_2$, then we have*

$$(1) \quad \mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) \leq \frac{1}{\mu_2 - \mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \leq \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{2}.$$

Since its discovery, several articles related to inequality (1) have been published [2, 6, 7, 12, 14, 16, 21, 24, 30–34, 37, 41, 42].

2020 *Mathematics Subject Classification.* Primary: 26D10, 26D15; Secondary: 26A51.

Key words and phrases. Bullen-Simpson's inequality, s -convex functions, Hölder inequality, power mean inequality.

Full paper. Received 6 February 2024, accepted 15 May 2024, available online 12 June 2024.

The concept of convexity has been also generalized in diverse manners. One of them is the so-called s -convex function or Breckner convex function defined as follows:

A nonnegative function $\mathcal{B} : I \subset [0, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is said to be s -convex in the second sense for some fixed $s \in (0, 1]$, if

$$\mathcal{B}(\mathfrak{h}\mu_1 + (1 - \mathfrak{h})\mu_2) \leq \mathfrak{h}^s \mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + (1 - \mathfrak{h})^s \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)$$

holds for all $\mu_1, \mu_2 \in I$ and $\mathfrak{h} \in [0, 1]$ (see [8]).

In [11], Dragomir and Fitzpatrick, proved the following variant of inequality (1) which holds for s -convex functions in the second sense.

Theorem 2. *Let $\mathcal{B} : [\mu_1, \mu_2] \rightarrow [0, \infty)$ be an integrable and s -convex function in the second sense, where $0 \leq \mu_1 < \mu_2$, then we have*

$$(2) \quad 2^{s-1} \mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) \leq \frac{1}{\mu_2 - \mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \leq \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{s+1}.$$

In [15], Hwang et al. established the following Bullen-type inequality

$$\left| \frac{1}{4} (\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)) - \frac{1}{\mu_2 - \mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \leq \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{16} (|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)| + |\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|).$$

In [38], Sarikaya et al. gave the following Simpson-type inequality

$$\left| \frac{1}{4} (\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)) - \frac{1}{\mu_2 - \mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \leq \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{16} (|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)| + |\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|).$$

Over the last two decades, error estimation of quadrature rules via different types of convexity has become an attractive and fascinating area of research and has gained popularity. Consequently, several papers treating integral inequalities under the principle of convexity have been widely studied by mathematicians and researchers. Regarding Newton-Cotes type inequalities involving one point, see [3, 4, 18, 23, 27, 28], two-point Newton-Cotes type inequalities see [10, 25, 26, 40], for three-point Newton-Cotes type inequalities: see [1, 9, 17, 19, 29, 39], and Newton-Cotes type inequalities involving four points: see [5, 13, 20, 22, 36].

In this paper, we propose to study the so-called Bullen-Simpson type inequalities, which is a five-point Newton-Cotes Rule and can be represented as follows:

$$\int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \simeq \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{12} \left(\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2) \right).$$

To do this, we first prove a new identity. Using this identity, we establish some Bullen-Simpson type inequalities for functions whose first derivatives are s -convex, we also discuss the cases where the first derivatives are bounded as well as Hölderian functions. At the end we propose some applications to numerical quadratures and inequalities involving means.

2. MAIN RESULTS

Lemma 1. *Let $\mathcal{B} : I \subset \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a differentiable function on I° , $\mu_1, \mu_2 \in I^\circ$ with $\mu_1 < \mu_2$, and $\mathcal{B}' \in L^1[\mu_1, \mu_2]$, then the following equality holds*

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2 - \mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \\ &= \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{16} \left(\int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3}\right) \mathcal{B}'\left((1 - \mathfrak{h})\mu_1 + \mathfrak{h}\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) d\mathfrak{h} \right. \\ & \quad + \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3}\right) \mathcal{B}'\left((1 - \mathfrak{h})\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h}\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) d\mathfrak{h} \\ & \quad + \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3}\right) \mathcal{B}'\left((1 - \mathfrak{h})\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} + \mathfrak{h}\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) d\mathfrak{h} \\ & \quad \left. + \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3}\right) \mathcal{B}'\left((1 - \mathfrak{h})\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h}\mu_2\right) d\mathfrak{h} \right). \end{aligned}$$

Proof. Let

$$\begin{aligned} I_1 &= \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3}\right) \mathcal{B}'\left((1 - \mathfrak{h})\mu_1 + \mathfrak{h}\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) d\mathfrak{h}, \\ I_2 &= \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3}\right) \mathcal{B}'\left((1 - \mathfrak{h})\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h}\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) d\mathfrak{h}, \\ I_3 &= \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3}\right) \mathcal{B}'\left((1 - \mathfrak{h})\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} + \mathfrak{h}\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) d\mathfrak{h} \end{aligned}$$

and

$$I_4 = \int_0^1 \left(\eta - \frac{2}{3}\right) \mathcal{B}' \left((1-\eta) \frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4} + \eta\mu_2 \right) d\eta.$$

Integrating by parts I_1 , we get

$$\begin{aligned} (3) \quad I_1 &= \frac{4}{\mu_2-\mu_1} \left(\eta - \frac{1}{3}\right) \mathcal{B} \left((1-\eta) \mu_1 + \eta \frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4} \right) \Big|_{\eta=0}^{\eta=1} \\ &\quad - \frac{4}{\mu_2-\mu_1} \int_0^1 \mathcal{B} \left((1-\eta) \mu_1 + \eta \frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4} \right) d\eta \\ &= \frac{8}{3(\mu_2-\mu_1)} \mathcal{B} \left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4} \right) + \frac{4}{3(\mu_2-\mu_1)} \mathcal{B}(\mu_1) \\ &\quad - \frac{4}{\mu_2-\mu_1} \int_0^1 \mathcal{B} \left((1-\eta) \mu_1 + \eta \frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4} \right) d\eta \\ &= \frac{8}{3(\mu_2-\mu_1)} \mathcal{B} \left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4} \right) + \frac{4}{3(\mu_2-\mu_1)} \mathcal{B}(\mu_1) - \frac{16}{(\mu_2-\mu_1)^2} \int_{\mu_1}^{\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}} \mathcal{B}(u) du. \end{aligned}$$

Similarly, we get

$$(4) \quad I_2 = \frac{4}{3(\mu_2-\mu_1)} \mathcal{B} \left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2} \right) + \frac{8}{3(\mu_2-\mu_1)} \mathcal{B} \left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4} \right) - \frac{16}{(\mu_2-\mu_1)^2} \int_{\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}}^{\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}} \mathcal{B}(u) du,$$

$$(5) \quad I_3 = \frac{8}{3(\mu_2-\mu_1)} \mathcal{B} \left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4} \right) + \frac{4}{3(\mu_2-\mu_1)} \mathcal{B} \left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2} \right) - \frac{16}{(\mu_2-\mu_1)^2} \int_{\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}}^{\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}} \mathcal{B}(u) du$$

and

$$(6) \quad I_4 = \frac{4}{3(\mu_2-\mu_1)} \mathcal{B}(\mu_2) + \frac{8}{3(\mu_2-\mu_1)} \mathcal{B} \left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4} \right) - \frac{16}{(\mu_2-\mu_1)^2} \int_{\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(u) du.$$

Summing (3)-(6) and then multiplying the resulting equality by $\frac{\mu_2-\mu_1}{16}$, we get the desired result. \square

Theorem 3. Let \mathcal{B} be as in Lemma 1. If $|\mathcal{B}'|$ is s -convex in the second sense for some fixed $s \in (0, 1]$, then we have

$$\begin{aligned} & \left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2 - \mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \\ & \leq \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{16(s+1)(s+2)} \left(\left(\frac{s-1}{3} + \frac{8}{9} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^s \right) (|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)| + 2|\mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right)| + |\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|) \right. \\ & \quad \left. + 2 \left(\frac{2s+1}{3} + \frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^s \right) (|\mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right)| + |\mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right)|) \right). \end{aligned}$$

Proof. From Lemma 1, properties of modulus and s -convexity of $|\mathcal{B}'|$, we have

$$\begin{aligned} & \left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2 - \mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \\ & \leq \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{16} \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| \left| \mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h})\mu_1 + \mathfrak{h}\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} \right) \right| d\mathfrak{h} \right. \\ & \quad + \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| \left| \mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h})\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h}\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} \right) \right| d\mathfrak{h} \\ & \quad + \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| \left| \mathcal{B} \left((1 - \mathfrak{h})\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} + \mathfrak{h}\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} \right) \right| d\mathfrak{h} \\ & \quad \left. + \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| \left| \mathcal{B} \left((1 - \mathfrak{h})\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h}\mu_2 \right) \right| d\mathfrak{h} \right) \\ & \leq \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{16} \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| \left((1 - \mathfrak{h})^s |\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)| + \mathfrak{h}^s \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) \right| \right) d\mathfrak{h} \right. \\ & \quad + \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| \left((1 - \mathfrak{h})^s \left| \mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) \right| + \mathfrak{h}^s \left| \mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) \right| \right) d\mathfrak{h} \\ & \quad + \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| \left((1 - \mathfrak{h})^s \left| \mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) \right| + \mathfrak{h}^s \left| \mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) \right| \right) d\mathfrak{h} \\ & \quad \left. + \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| \left((1 - \mathfrak{h})^s \left| \mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) \right| + \mathfrak{h}^s \left| \mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) \right| \right) d\mathfrak{h} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| \left((1 - \mathfrak{h})^s \left| \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} \right) \right| + \mathfrak{h}^s |\mathcal{B}(\mu_2)| \right) d\mathfrak{h} \\
& = \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{16} \left(|\mathcal{B}(\mu_1)| \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| (1 - \mathfrak{h})^s d\mathfrak{h} \right. \\
& \quad + \left| \mathcal{B} \left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} \right) \right| \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| \mathfrak{h}^s d\mathfrak{h} + \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| (1 - \mathfrak{h})^s d\mathfrak{h} \right) \\
& \quad + \left| \mathcal{B} \left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} \right) \right| \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| \mathfrak{h}^s d\mathfrak{h} + \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| (1 - \mathfrak{h})^s d\mathfrak{h} \right) \\
& \quad + \left| \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} \right) \right| \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| \mathfrak{h}^s d\mathfrak{h} + \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| (1 - \mathfrak{h})^s d\mathfrak{h} \right) \\
& \quad \left. + |\mathcal{B}(\mu_2)| \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| \mathfrak{h}^s d\mathfrak{h} \right) \\
& = \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{16(s+1)(s+2)} \left(\left(\frac{s-1}{3} + \frac{8}{9} \left(\frac{2}{3} \right)^s \right) (|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)| + 2|\mathcal{B}'(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2})| + |\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|) \right. \\
& \quad \left. + 2 \left(\frac{2s+1}{3} + \frac{2}{9} \left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^s \right) \left(\left| \mathcal{B} \left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} \right) \right| + \left| \mathcal{B} \left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} \right) \right| \right) \right),
\end{aligned}$$

where we have used the facts that

$$\begin{aligned}
\Upsilon_1(s) & = \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| (1 - \mathfrak{h})^s d\mathfrak{h} = \int_0^1 \left| \frac{2}{3} - \mathfrak{h} \right| \mathfrak{h}^s d\mathfrak{h} \\
(7) \quad & = \frac{s-1}{3(s+1)(s+2)} + \frac{2}{(s+1)(s+2)} \left(\frac{2}{3} \right)^{s+2}
\end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned}
\Upsilon_2(s) & = \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| \mathfrak{h}^s d\mathfrak{h} = \int_0^1 \left| \frac{2}{3} - \mathfrak{h} \right| (1 - \mathfrak{h})^s d\mathfrak{h} \\
(8) \quad & = \frac{2s+1}{3(s+1)(s+2)} + \frac{2}{(s+1)(s+2)} \left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^{s+2}.
\end{aligned}$$

The proof is completed. □

Corollary 1. *In Theorem 3 using the s -convexity of $|\mathcal{B}'|$, we get*

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1)+4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}\right)+2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right)+4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}\right)+\mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2-\mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \\
 & \leq \frac{\mu_2-\mu_1}{48(s+1)^2(s+2)} \left(\frac{2^s s^2+8s+4-2^s}{2^s} + \frac{2^{s+3}s+2^{s+3}+2^{3-s}}{3^{s+1}} \right) \\
 (9) \quad & \times (|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)| + 2|\mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right)| + |\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|) \\
 & \leq \frac{(s+1+2^{2-s})(\mu_2-\mu_1)}{48(s+1)^3(s+2)} \left(\frac{2^s s^2+8s+4-2^s}{2^s} + \frac{2^{s+3}s+2^{s+3}+2^{3-s}}{3^{s+1}} \right) \\
 & \quad \times (|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)| + |\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|).
 \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 2. *For $s = 1$, Theorem 3 becomes*

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1)+4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}\right)+2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right)+4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}\right)+\mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2-\mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \\
 & \leq \frac{5(\mu_2-\mu_1)}{72} \left(\frac{8|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)|+29|\mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}\right)|+16|\mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right)|+29|\mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}\right)|+8|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|}{90} \right).
 \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 3. *In Corollary 1, if we take $s = 1$, we obtain*

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1)+4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}\right)+2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right)+4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}\right)+\mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2-\mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \\
 & \leq \frac{5(\mu_2-\mu_1)}{288} (|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)| + 2|\mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right)| + |\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|) \\
 (10) \quad & \leq \frac{5(\mu_2-\mu_1)}{144} (|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)| + |\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|).
 \end{aligned}$$

Theorem 4. *Let \mathcal{B} be as in Lemma 1. If $|\mathcal{B}'|^q$ is s -convex in the second sense for some fixed $s \in (0, 1]$ and $q > 1$ with $\frac{1}{q} + \frac{1}{p} = 1$, then we have*

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1)+4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}\right)+2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right)+4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}\right)+\mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2-\mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \\
 & \leq \frac{\mu_2-\mu_1}{144} \left(\frac{1+2^{p+1}}{3(p+1)} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \left(\left(\frac{|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)|^q + |\mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}\right)|^q}{s+1} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right. \\
 & \quad + \left(\frac{|\mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}\right)|^q + |\mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right)|^q}{s+1} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \\
 & \quad \left. + \left(\frac{|\mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right)|^q + |\mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}\right)|^q}{s+1} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} + \left(\frac{|\mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}\right)|^q + |\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|^q}{s+1} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right).
 \end{aligned}$$

Proof. From Lemma 1, properties of modulus, Hölder's inequality and s -convexity of $|\mathcal{B}'|^q$, we have

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2 - \mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \\
& \leq \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{16} \left(\left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right|^p d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \mu_1 + \mathfrak{h} \frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} \right) \right|^q d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right. \\
& \quad + \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right|^p d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h} \frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} \right) \right|^q d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \\
& \quad + \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right|^p d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} + \mathfrak{h} \frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} \right) \right|^q d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \\
& \quad \left. + \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right|^p d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h} \mu_2 \right) \right|^q d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right) \\
& \leq \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{16} \left(\int_0^{\frac{1}{3}} \left(\frac{1}{3} - \mathfrak{h} \right)^p d\mathfrak{h} + \int_{\frac{1}{3}}^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right)^p d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \\
& \quad \times \left(\left(\int_0^1 \left((1 - \mathfrak{h})^s \left| \mathcal{B}'(\mu_1) \right|^q + \mathfrak{h}^s \left| \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} \right) \right|^q \right) d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right. \\
& \quad + \left(\int_0^1 \left((1 - \mathfrak{h})^s \left| \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} \right) \right|^q + \mathfrak{h}^s \left| \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} \right) \right|^q \right) d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \\
& \quad + \left(\int_0^1 \left((1 - \mathfrak{h})^s \left| \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} \right) \right|^q + \mathfrak{h}^s \left| \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} \right) \right|^q \right) d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \\
& \quad \left. + \left(\int_0^1 \left((1 - \mathfrak{h})^s \left| \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} \right) \right|^q + \mathfrak{h}^s \left| \mathcal{B}'(\mu_2) \right|^q \right) d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{144} \left(\frac{1+2^{p+1}}{3(p+1)} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \left(\left(\frac{|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)|^q + |\mathcal{B}'(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4})|^q}{s+1} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right. \\
&\quad + \left(\frac{|\mathcal{B}'(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4})|^q + |\mathcal{B}'(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2})|^q}{s+1} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \\
&\quad \left. + \left(\frac{|\mathcal{B}'(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2})|^q + |\mathcal{B}'(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4})|^q}{s+1} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} + \left(\frac{|\mathcal{B}'(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4})|^q + |\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|^q}{s+1} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right).
\end{aligned}$$

The proof is completed. \square

Corollary 4. *In Theorem 4, using the s -convexity of $|\mathcal{B}'|^q$, we get*

$$\begin{aligned}
&\left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2 - \mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \\
&\leq \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{144} \left(\frac{1+2^{p+1}}{3(p+1)} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \left(\left(\frac{(4^s + 3^s)|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)|^q + |\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|^q}{4^s(s+1)} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right. \\
&\quad + \left(\frac{|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)|^q + (4^s + 3^s)|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|^q}{4^s(s+1)} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} + \left(\frac{(3^s + 2^s)|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)|^q + (1+2^s)|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|^q}{4^s(s+1)} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \\
&\quad \left. + \left(\frac{(1+2^s)|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)|^q + (3^s + 2^s)|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|^q}{4^s(s+1)} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right).
\end{aligned}$$

Corollary 5. *In Corollary 4, using the discrete power mean inequality, we get*

$$\begin{aligned}
&\left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2 - \mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \\
&\leq \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{72} \left(\frac{1+2^{p+1}}{3(p+1)} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \left(\left(\frac{1+4^s+3^s}{4^s(s+1)} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} + \left(\frac{1+3^s+2^{s+1}}{4^s(s+1)} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right) \left(\frac{|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)|^q + |\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|^q}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}}.
\end{aligned}$$

Corollary 6. *Taking $s = 1$ in Theorem 4, we get*

$$\begin{aligned}
&\left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2 - \mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \\
&\leq \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{144} \left(\frac{1+2^{p+1}}{3(p+1)} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \left(\left(\frac{|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)|^q + |\mathcal{B}'(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4})|^q}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} + \left(\frac{|\mathcal{B}'(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4})|^q + |\mathcal{B}'(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2})|^q}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \left(\frac{|\mathcal{B}'(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2})|^q + |\mathcal{B}'(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4})|^q}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} + \left(\frac{|\mathcal{B}'(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4})|^q + |\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|^q}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right).
\end{aligned}$$

Corollary 7. For $s = 1$, Corollary 4, gives

$$\begin{aligned} & \left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2 - \mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \\ & \leq \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{144} \left(\frac{1 + 2^{p+1}}{3(p+1)} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \left(\left(\frac{7|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)|^q + |\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|^q}{8} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} + \left(\frac{|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)|^q + 7|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|^q}{8} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left(\frac{5|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)|^q + 3|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|^q}{8} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} + \left(\frac{3|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)|^q + 5|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|^q}{8} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right). \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 8. Taking $s = 1$ in Corollary 5, we get

$$\begin{aligned} & \left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2 - \mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \\ & \leq \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{36} \left(\frac{1 + 2^{p+1}}{3(p+1)} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \left(\frac{|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)|^q + |\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|^q}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}}. \end{aligned}$$

Theorem 5. Let \mathcal{B} be as in Lemma 1. If $|\mathcal{B}'|^q$ is s -convex in the second sense for some fixed $s \in (0, 1]$ and $q \geq 1$, then we have

$$\begin{aligned} & \left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2 - \mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \\ & \leq \frac{5(\mu_2 - \mu_1)}{288} \left(\left(\frac{2 \times 3^{s+1}s - 2 \times 3^{s+1} + 2^{s+4}}{5 \times 3^s(s+1)(s+2)} |\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)|^q + \frac{4 \times 3^{s+1}s + 2 \times 3^{s+1} + 4}{5 \times 3^s(s+1)(s+2)} \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) \right|^q \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right. \\ & \quad + \left(\frac{4 \times 3^{s+1}s + 2 \times 3^{s+1} + 4}{5 \times 3^s(s+1)(s+2)} \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) \right|^q + \frac{2 \times 3^{s+1}s - 2 \times 3^{s+1} + 2^{s+4}}{5 \times 3^s(s+1)(s+2)} \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) \right|^q \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \\ & \quad + \left(\frac{2 \times 3^{s+1}s - 2 \times 3^{s+1} + 2^{s+4}}{5 \times 3^s(s+1)(s+2)} \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) \right|^q + \frac{4 \times 3^{s+1}s + 2 \times 3^{s+1} + 4}{5 \times 3^s(s+1)(s+2)} \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) \right|^q \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \\ & \quad \left. + \left(\frac{4 \times 3^{s+1}s + 2 \times 3^{s+1} + 4}{5 \times 3^s(s+1)(s+2)} \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) \right|^q + \frac{2 \times 3^{s+1}s - 2 \times 3^{s+1} + 2^{s+4}}{5 \times 3^s(s+1)(s+2)} \left| \mathcal{B}'(\mu_2) \right|^q \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right). \end{aligned}$$

Proof. From Lemma 1, properties of modulus, power mean inequality and s -convexity of $|f'|^q$, we have

$$\begin{aligned} & \left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2 - \mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \\ & \leq \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{16} \left(\left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{1 - \frac{1}{q}} \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| \left| \mathcal{B}'\left((1 - \mathfrak{h})\mu_1 + \mathfrak{h}\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) \right|^q d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{1-\frac{1}{q}} \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| \left| \mathcal{B}' \left((1-\mathfrak{h}) \frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h} \frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2} \right) \right|^q d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \\
& + \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{1-\frac{1}{q}} \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| \left| \mathcal{B}' \left((1-\mathfrak{h}) \frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2} + \mathfrak{h} \frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4} \right) \right|^q d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \\
& + \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{1-\frac{1}{q}} \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| \left| \mathcal{B}' \left((1-\mathfrak{h}) \frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h} \mu_2 \right) \right|^q d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \\
\leq & \frac{\mu_2-\mu_1}{16} \left(\left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{1-\frac{1}{q}} \right. \\
& \times \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| \left((1-\mathfrak{h})^s |\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)|^q + \mathfrak{h}^s \left| \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4} \right) \right|^q \right) d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \\
& + \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{1-\frac{1}{q}} \\
& \times \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| \left((1-\mathfrak{h})^s \left| \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4} \right) \right|^q + \mathfrak{h}^s \left| \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2} \right) \right|^q \right) d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \\
& + \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{1-\frac{1}{q}} \\
& \times \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| \left((1-\mathfrak{h})^s \left| \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2} \right) \right|^q + \mathfrak{h}^s \left| \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4} \right) \right|^q \right) d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \\
& + \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{1-\frac{1}{q}} \\
& \times \left. \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| \left((1-\mathfrak{h})^s \left| \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4} \right) \right|^q + \mathfrak{h}^s |\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|^q \right) d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right) \\
= & \frac{\mu_2-\mu_1}{16} \left(\frac{5}{18} \right)^{1-\frac{1}{q}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \times \left(\left(\left| \mathcal{B}'(\mu_1) \right|^q \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| (1-\mathfrak{h})^s d\mathfrak{h} + \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}\right) \right|^q \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| \mathfrak{h}^s d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right. \\
& + \left(\left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}\right) \right|^q \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| (1-\mathfrak{h})^s d\mathfrak{h} + \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right) \right|^q \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| \mathfrak{h}^s d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \\
& + \left(\left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right) \right|^q \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| (1-\mathfrak{h})^s d\mathfrak{h} + \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}\right) \right|^q \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| \mathfrak{h}^s d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \\
& \left. + \left(\left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}\right) \right|^q \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| (1-\mathfrak{h})^s d\mathfrak{h} + \left| \mathcal{B}'(\mu_2) \right|^q \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| \mathfrak{h}^s d\mathfrak{h} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right) \\
& = \frac{5(\mu_2-\mu_1)}{288} \\
& \times \left(\left(\frac{2 \times 3^{s+1} s - 2 \times 3^{s+1} + 2^{s+4}}{5 \times 3^s (s+1)(s+2)} \left| \mathcal{B}'(\mu_1) \right|^q + \frac{4 \times 3^{s+1} s + 2 \times 3^{s+1} + 4}{5 \times 3^s (s+1)(s+2)} \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}\right) \right|^q \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right. \\
& + \left(\frac{4 \times 3^{s+1} s + 2 \times 3^{s+1} + 4}{5 \times 3^s (s+1)(s+2)} \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}\right) \right|^q + \frac{2 \times 3^{s+1} s - 2 \times 3^{s+1} + 2^{s+4}}{5 \times 3^s (s+1)(s+2)} \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right) \right|^q \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \\
& + \left(\frac{2 \times 3^{s+1} s - 2 \times 3^{s+1} + 2^{s+4}}{5 \times 3^s (s+1)(s+2)} \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right) \right|^q + \frac{4 \times 3^{s+1} s + 2 \times 3^{s+1} + 4}{5 \times 3^s (s+1)(s+2)} \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}\right) \right|^q \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \\
& \left. + \left(\frac{4 \times 3^{s+1} s + 2 \times 3^{s+1} + 4}{5 \times 3^s (s+1)(s+2)} \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}\right) \right|^q + \frac{2 \times 3^{s+1} s - 2 \times 3^{s+1} + 2^{s+4}}{5 \times 3^s (s+1)(s+2)} \left| \mathcal{B}'(\mu_2) \right|^q \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right),
\end{aligned}$$

where we have used (7) and (8). The proof is completed. \square

Corollary 9. For $s = 1$, Theorem 5 becomes

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}\right) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2-\mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \\
& \leq \frac{5(\mu_2-\mu_1)}{288} \left(\left(\frac{16 \left| \mathcal{B}'(\mu_1) \right|^q + 29 \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}\right) \right|^q}{45} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right. \\
& + \left(\frac{29 \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}\right) \right|^q + 16 \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right) \right|^q}{45} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \\
& \left. + \left(\frac{16 \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right) \right|^q + 29 \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}\right) \right|^q}{45} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} + \left(\frac{29 \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}\right) \right|^q + 16 \left| \mathcal{B}'(\mu_2) \right|^q}{45} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right).
\end{aligned}$$

Corollary 10. *In Corollary 9, using the convexity of $|\mathcal{B}'|^q$, we get*

$$\begin{aligned} & \left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1)+4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}\right)+2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right)+4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}\right)+\mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2-\mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \\ & \leq \frac{5(\mu_2-\mu_1)}{288} \left(\left(\frac{151|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)|^q+29|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|^q}{180} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} + \left(\frac{119|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)|^q+61|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|^q}{180} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left(\frac{61|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)|^q+119|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|^q}{180} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} + \left(\frac{29|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)|^q+151|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|^q}{180} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right). \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 11. *In Corollary 10, using the discrete power mean inequality we get*

$$\begin{aligned} & \left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1)+4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}\right)+2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right)+4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}\right)+\mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2-\mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \\ & \leq \frac{5(\mu_2-\mu_1)}{72} \left(\frac{|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)|^q+|\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2)|^q}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}}. \end{aligned}$$

3. FURTHER RESULTS

Theorem 6. *Let \mathcal{B} be as in Lemma 1. If there exist constants $-\infty < m < M < +\infty$ such that $m \leq \mathcal{B}'(x) \leq M$ for all $x \in [\mu_1, \mu_2]$, then we have*

$$\begin{aligned} & \left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1)+4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}\right)+2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right)+4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}\right)+\mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2-\mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \\ & \leq \frac{5(\mu_2-\mu_1)(M-m)}{144}. \end{aligned}$$

Proof. From Lemma 1, we have

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1)+4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}\right)+2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right)+4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}\right)+\mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2-\mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \\ & = \frac{\mu_2-\mu_1}{16} \left(\int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right) \left(\mathcal{B}' \left((1-\mathfrak{h})\mu_1 + \mathfrak{h} \frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4} \right) - \frac{m+M}{2} + \frac{m+M}{2} \right) d\mathfrak{h} \right. \\ & \quad + \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right) \left(\mathcal{B}' \left((1-\mathfrak{h}) \frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h} \frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2} \right) - \frac{m+M}{2} + \frac{m+M}{2} \right) d\mathfrak{h} \\ & \quad \left. + \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right) \left(\mathcal{B}' \left((1-\mathfrak{h}) \frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2} + \mathfrak{h} \frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4} \right) - \frac{m+M}{2} + \frac{m+M}{2} \right) d\mathfrak{h} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right) \left(\mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h}\mu_2 \right) - \frac{m+M}{2} + \frac{m+M}{2} \right) d\mathfrak{h} \Bigg) \\
& = \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{16} \left(\int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right) \left(\mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \mu_1 + \mathfrak{h} \frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} \right) - \frac{m+M}{2} + \frac{m+M}{2} \right) d\mathfrak{h} \right. \\
& \quad + \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right) \left(\mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h} \frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} \right) - \frac{m+M}{2} + \frac{m+M}{2} \right) d\mathfrak{h} \\
& \quad + \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right) \left(\mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h} \frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} \right) - \frac{m+M}{2} + \frac{m+M}{2} \right) d\mathfrak{h} \\
& \quad + \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right) \left(\mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} + \mathfrak{h} \frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} \right) - \frac{m+M}{2} + \frac{m+M}{2} \right) d\mathfrak{h} \\
& \quad \left. + \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right) \left(\mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h}\mu_2 \right) - \frac{m+M}{2} + \frac{m+M}{2} \right) d\mathfrak{h} \right) \\
& = \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{16} \left(\int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right) \left(\mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \mu_1 + \mathfrak{h} \frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} \right) - \frac{m+M}{2} \right) d\mathfrak{h} \right. \\
& \quad + \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right) \left(\mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h} \frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} \right) - \frac{m+M}{2} \right) d\mathfrak{h} \\
& \quad + \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right) \left(\mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} + \mathfrak{h} \frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} \right) - \frac{m+M}{2} \right) d\mathfrak{h} \\
& \quad \left. + \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right) \left(\mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h}\mu_2 \right) - \frac{m+M}{2} \right) d\mathfrak{h} \right), \tag{11}
\end{aligned}$$

where we have taken into consideration that

$$\int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right) d\mathfrak{h} + \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right) d\mathfrak{h} + \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right) d\mathfrak{h} + \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right) d\mathfrak{h} = 0.$$

Using absolute value on both sides of (11), we get

$$\left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2 - \mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right|$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&\leq \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{16} \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| \left| \mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \mu_1 + \mathfrak{h} \frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} \right) - \frac{m+M}{2} \right| d\mathfrak{h} \right. \\
&\quad + \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| \left| \mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h} \frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} \right) - \frac{m+M}{2} \right| d\mathfrak{h} \\
&\quad + \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| \left| \mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} + \mathfrak{h} \frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} \right) - \frac{m+M}{2} \right| d\mathfrak{h} \\
(12) \quad &\quad \left. + \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| \left| \mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h} \mu_2 \right) - \frac{m+M}{2} \right| d\mathfrak{h} \right).
\end{aligned}$$

Since $m \leq \mathcal{B}'(x) \leq M$ for all $x \in [\mu_1, \mu_2]$, then we have

$$(13) \quad \left| \mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \mu_1 + \mathfrak{h} \frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} \right) - \frac{m+M}{2} \right| \leq \frac{M-m}{2},$$

$$(14) \quad \left| \mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h} \frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} \right) - \frac{m+M}{2} \right| \leq \frac{M-m}{2},$$

$$(15) \quad \left| \mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} + \mathfrak{h} \frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} \right) - \frac{m+M}{2} \right| \leq \frac{M-m}{2}$$

and

$$(16) \quad \left| \mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h} \mu_2 \right) - \frac{m+M}{2} \right| \leq \frac{M-m}{2}.$$

Using (13)-(16) in (12), we get

$$\begin{aligned}
&\left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2 - \mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \\
&\leq \frac{(\mu_2 - \mu_1)(M-m)}{16} \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| d\mathfrak{h} + \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| d\mathfrak{h} \right) \\
&= \frac{5(\mu_2 - \mu_1)(M-m)}{144},
\end{aligned}$$

where we have used

$$\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| d\mathfrak{h} = \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| d\mathfrak{h} = \frac{5}{18}.$$

The proof is completed. \square

Theorem 7. Let \mathcal{B} be as in Lemma 1. If \mathcal{B}' is r - L -Hölderian function on $[\mu_1, \mu_2]$ (i.e. there exist $L > 0$ and $0 < r \leq 1$ such that $|\mathcal{B}'(x) - \mathcal{B}'(y)| \leq L|x - y|^r$), then we have

$$\left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2 - \mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right|$$

$$\leq \frac{(\mu_2 - \mu_1)^{r+1}}{4^{r+1}(r+1)(r+2)} \left(\frac{r^2 + 9r + 2}{12} + \frac{1 + 2^{r+2}}{3^{r+2}} \right) L.$$

Proof. From Lemma 1, we have

$$\frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2 - \mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx$$

$$= \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{16} \left(\int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right) \left(\mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \mu_1 + \mathfrak{h} \frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} \right) - \mathcal{B}'(\mu_1) + \mathcal{B}'(\mu_1) \right) d\mathfrak{h} \right.$$

$$+ \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right) \left(\mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h} \frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} \right) - \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} \right) + \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} \right) \right) d\mathfrak{h}$$

$$+ \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right) \left(\mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} + \mathfrak{h} \frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} \right) - \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} \right) + \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} \right) \right) d\mathfrak{h}$$

$$\left. + \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right) \left(\mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h} \mu_2 \right) - \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} \right) + \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} \right) \right) d\mathfrak{h} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{16} \left(\int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right) \left(\mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \mu_1 + \mathfrak{h} \frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} \right) - \mathcal{B}'(\mu_1) \right) d\mathfrak{h} \right.$$

$$+ \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right) \left(\mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h} \frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} \right) - \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} \right) \right) d\mathfrak{h}$$

$$+ \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right) \left(\mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} + \mathfrak{h} \frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} \right) - \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} \right) \right) d\mathfrak{h}$$

$$\left. + \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right) \left(\mathcal{B}' \left((1 - \mathfrak{h}) \frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h} \mu_2 \right) - \mathcal{B}' \left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} \right) \right) d\mathfrak{h} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \mathcal{B}'(\mu_1) \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3}\right) d\mathfrak{h} + \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3}\right) d\mathfrak{h} \\
& + \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3}\right) d\mathfrak{h} + \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3}\right) d\mathfrak{h} \Bigg) \\
= & \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{16} \left(\int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3}\right) \left(\mathcal{B}'\left((1 - \mathfrak{h})a + \mathfrak{h}\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) - \mathcal{B}'(\mu_1)\right) d\mathfrak{h} \right. \\
& + \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3}\right) \left(\mathcal{B}'\left((1 - \mathfrak{h})\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h}\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) - \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right)\right) d\mathfrak{h} \\
& + \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3}\right) \left(\mathcal{B}'\left((1 - \mathfrak{h})\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} + \mathfrak{h}\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) - \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right)\right) d\mathfrak{h} \\
& \left. + \int_0^1 \left(\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3}\right) \left(\mathcal{B}'\left((1 - \mathfrak{h})\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h}\mu_2\right) - \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right)\right) d\mathfrak{h} \right) \\
(17) \quad & + \frac{1}{6} \left(\mathcal{B}'(\mu_2) - \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{6} \left(\mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) - \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right)\right).
\end{aligned}$$

Using the absolute value on both sides of (17) and the fact that \mathcal{B}' is r - L -Hölderian on $[\mu_1, \mu_2]$, we obtain

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) + \mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2 - \mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \\
& \leq \frac{\mu_2 - \mu_1}{16} \left(\int_0^1 \left|\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3}\right| \left| \mathcal{B}'\left((1 - \mathfrak{h})\mu_1 + \mathfrak{h}\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) - \mathcal{B}'(\mu_1) \right| d\mathfrak{h} \right. \\
& + \int_0^1 \left|\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3}\right| \left| \mathcal{B}'\left((1 - \mathfrak{h})\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h}\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) - \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{3\mu_1 + \mu_2}{4}\right) \right| d\mathfrak{h} \\
& + \int_0^1 \left|\mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3}\right| \left| \mathcal{B}'\left((1 - \mathfrak{h})\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2} + \mathfrak{h}\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) - \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}\right) \right| d\mathfrak{h} \\
& \left. + \int_0^1 \left|\mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3}\right| \left| \mathcal{B}'\left((1 - \mathfrak{h})\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4} + \mathfrak{h}\mu_2\right) - \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1 + 3\mu_2}{4}\right) \right| d\mathfrak{h} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{1}{6} \left| \mathcal{B}'(\mu_1) - \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}\right) \right| + \frac{1}{6} \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right) - \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}\right) \right| \\
& \leq \frac{\mu_2-\mu_1}{8} \left(\frac{\mu_2-\mu_1}{4}\right)^r L \left(\int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{1}{3} \right| \mathfrak{h}^r d\mathfrak{h} + \int_0^1 \left| \mathfrak{h} - \frac{2}{3} \right| \mathfrak{h}^r d\mathfrak{h} + \frac{1}{6} \right) \\
& = \frac{L}{2} \left(\frac{\mu_2-\mu_1}{4}\right)^{r+1} (\Upsilon_2(r) + \Upsilon_1(r) + \frac{1}{6}) \\
& = \frac{(\mu_2-\mu_1)^{r+1}}{4^{r+1}(r+1)(r+2)} \left(\frac{r^2+9r+2}{12} + \frac{1+2^{r+2}}{3^{r+2}} \right) L,
\end{aligned}$$

where we have used (7) and (8). The proof is completed. \square

Corollary 12. For \mathcal{B}' L -Lipschitzian function, we have

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\mu_1)+4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\mu_1+\mu_2}{4}\right)+2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1+\mu_2}{2}\right)+4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\mu_1+3\mu_2}{4}\right)+\mathcal{B}(\mu_2)}{12} - \frac{1}{\mu_2-\mu_1} \int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right| \\
& \leq \frac{(\mu_2-\mu_1)^2}{72} L.
\end{aligned}$$

4. APPLICATIONS

Let Υ be the partition of the points $\mu_1 = \phi_0 < \phi_1 < \dots < \phi_n = \mu_2$ of the interval $[\mu_1, \mu_2]$, and consider the quadrature formula

$$\int_{\mu_1}^{\mu_2} \mathcal{B}(u) du = \lambda(\mathcal{B}, \Upsilon) + R(\mathcal{B}, \Upsilon),$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}
\lambda(\mathcal{B}, \Upsilon) &= \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \frac{\phi_{i+1}-\phi_i}{12} \left(\mathcal{B}(\phi_i) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\phi_i+\phi_{i+1}}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\phi_i+\phi_{i+1}}{2}\right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\phi_i+3\phi_{i+1}}{4}\right) + \mathcal{B}(\phi_{i+1}) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

and $R(\mathcal{B}, \Upsilon)$ denotes the associated approximation error.

Proposition 1. Let $n \in \mathbb{N}$ and \mathcal{B} be as in Theorem 1. Then we have

$$\begin{aligned}
|R(\mathcal{B}, \Upsilon)| &\leq \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \frac{(\phi_{i+1}-\phi_i)^2}{48(s+1)^2(s+2)} \left(\frac{2^s s^2 + 8s + 4 - 2^s}{2^s} + \frac{2^{s+3} s + 2^{s+3} + 2^{3-s}}{3^{s+1}} \right) \\
&\quad \times \left(\left| \mathcal{B}'(\phi_i) \right| + 2 \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\phi_i+\phi_{i+1}}{2}\right) \right| + \left| \mathcal{B}'(\phi_{i+1}) \right| \right).
\end{aligned}$$

Proof. Using the inequality (9) of Corollary 1 on $[\phi_i, \phi_{i+1}]$ ($i = 0, 1, \dots, n-1$) of the partition Υ , we get

$$\left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\phi_i) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\phi_i + \phi_{i+1}}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\phi_i + \phi_{i+1}}{2}\right) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\phi_i + 3\phi_{i+1}}{4}\right) + f(\phi_{i+1})}{12} - \frac{1}{\phi_{i+1} - \phi_i} \int_{\phi_i}^{\phi_{i+1}} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right|$$

$$\leq \frac{\phi_{i+1} - \phi_i}{48(s+1)^2(s+2)} \left(\frac{2^s s^2 + 8s + 4 - 2^s}{2^s} + \frac{2^{s+3}s + 2^{s+3} + 2^{3-s}}{3^{s+1}} \right)$$

$$\times \left(|\mathcal{B}'(\phi_i)| + 2 \left| \mathcal{B}'\left(\frac{\phi_i + \phi_{i+1}}{2}\right) \right| + |\mathcal{B}'(\phi_{i+1})| \right).$$

Multiplying both sides of above inequality by $(\phi_{i+1} - \phi_i)$, summing the obtained inequalities, for all $i = 0, 1, \dots, n-1$, and using the triangular inequality, we get the desired result. \square

Proposition 2. *Let $n \in \mathbb{N}$ and \mathcal{B} be as in Theorem 2. If $|\mathcal{B}'|^q$ is a convex function, then we have*

$$|R(\mathcal{B}, \Upsilon)|$$

$$\leq \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \frac{(\phi_{i+1} - \phi_i)^2}{144} \left(\frac{1+2^{p+1}}{3(p+1)} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \left(\left(\frac{7|\mathcal{B}'(\phi_i)|^q + |\mathcal{B}'(\phi_{i+1})|^q}{8} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} + \left(\frac{|\mathcal{B}'(\phi_i)|^q + 7|\mathcal{B}'(\phi_{i+1})|^q}{8} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}}$$

$$+ \left(\frac{5|\mathcal{B}'(\phi_i)|^q + 3|\mathcal{B}'(\phi_{i+1})|^q}{8} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} + \left(\frac{3|\mathcal{B}'(\phi_i)|^q + 5|\mathcal{B}'(\phi_{i+1})|^q}{8} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}}.$$

Proof. Using Corollary 7 on $[\phi_i, \phi_{i+1}]$ ($i = 0, 1, \dots, n-1$) of the partition Υ , we get

$$\left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\phi_i) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\phi_i + \phi_{i+1}}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\phi_i + \phi_{i+1}}{2}\right) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\phi_i + 3\phi_{i+1}}{4}\right) + f(\phi_{i+1})}{12} - \frac{1}{\phi_{i+1} - \phi_i} \int_{\phi_i}^{\phi_{i+1}} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right|$$

$$\leq \frac{\phi_{i+1} - \phi_i}{144} \left(\frac{1+2^{p+1}}{3(p+1)} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \left(\left(\frac{7|\mathcal{B}'(\phi_i)|^q + |\mathcal{B}'(\phi_{i+1})|^q}{8} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} + \left(\frac{|\mathcal{B}'(\phi_i)|^q + 7|\mathcal{B}'(\phi_{i+1})|^q}{8} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}}$$

$$+ \left(\frac{5|\mathcal{B}'(\phi_i)|^q + 3|\mathcal{B}'(\phi_{i+1})|^q}{8} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}} + \left(\frac{3|\mathcal{B}'(\phi_i)|^q + 5|\mathcal{B}'(\phi_{i+1})|^q}{8} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}}.$$

Multiplying both sides of the above inequality by $(\phi_{i+1} - \phi_i)$, summing the obtained inequalities, for all $i = 0, 1, \dots, n-1$, and using the triangular inequality, we get the desired result. \square

Proposition 3. *Let $n \in \mathbb{N}$ and \mathcal{B} be as in Theorem 3. If $|\mathcal{B}'|^q$ is a convex function, then we have*

$$|R(\mathcal{B}, \Upsilon)| \leq \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \frac{5(\phi_{i+1} - \phi_i)^2}{72} \left(\frac{|\mathcal{B}'(\phi_i)|^q + |\mathcal{B}'(\phi_{i+1})|^q}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}}.$$

Proof. Using Corollary 11 on $[\phi_i, \phi_{i+1}]$ ($i = 0, 1, \dots, n-1$) of the partition Υ , we get

$$\left| \frac{\mathcal{B}(\phi_i) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{3\phi_i + \phi_{i+1}}{4}\right) + 2\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\phi_i + \phi_{i+1}}{2}\right) + 4\mathcal{B}\left(\frac{\phi_i + 3\phi_{i+1}}{4}\right) + f(\phi_{i+1})}{12} - \frac{1}{\phi_{i+1} - \phi_i} \int_{\phi_i}^{\phi_{i+1}} \mathcal{B}(x) dx \right|$$

$$\leq \frac{5(\phi_{i+1} - \phi_i)}{72} \left(\frac{|B'(\phi_i)|^q + |B'(\phi_{i+1})|^q}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{q}}.$$

Multiplying both sides of the above inequality by $(\phi_{i+1} - \phi_i)$, summing the obtained inequalities, for all $i = 0, 1, \dots, n-1$, and using the triangular inequality, we get the desired result. \square

Application to special means

For arbitrary real numbers $\mu_1, \mu_2, \mu_3, \mu_4$, we have:

The Arithmetic mean: $A(\mu_1, \mu_2) = \frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2}{2}$ and $A(\mu_1, \mu_2, \mu_3, \mu_4) = \frac{\mu_1 + \mu_2 + \mu_3 + \mu_4}{4}$.

The p -Logarithmic mean: $L_p(\mu_1, \mu_2) = \left(\frac{\mu_2^{p+1} - \mu_1^{p+1}}{(p+1)(\mu_2 - \mu_1)} \right)^{\frac{1}{p}}$, $\mu_1, \mu_2 > 0, \mu_1 \neq \mu_2$ and $p \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-1, 0\}$.

Proposition 4. Let $0 < \mu_1 < \mu_2$ be real numbers, then we have

$$\left| A(\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2) + A^2(\mu_1, \mu_2) + 2A^2(\mu_1, \mu_1, \mu_1, \mu_2) + 2A^2(\mu_1, \mu_2, \mu_2, \mu_2) - 6L_2^2(\mu_1, \mu_2) \right|$$

$$\leq \frac{5}{12} (\mu_2^2 - \mu_1^2).$$

Proof. It suffices to apply inequality (2.8) of Corollary 3, to the function $f(x) = x^2$. \square

Proposition 5. Let $0 < \mu_1 < \mu_2$ and $q \geq 1$, be real numbers, then we have

$$\left| A(\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2) + A^2(\mu_1, \mu_2) + 2A^2(\mu_1, \mu_1, \mu_1, \mu_2) + 2A^2(\mu_1, \mu_2, \mu_2, \mu_2) - 6L_2^2(\mu_1, \mu_2) \right|$$

$$\leq \frac{5(\mu_2 - \mu_1)(\mu_2^2 - \mu_1^2)}{8}.$$

Proof. It suffices to apply Theorem 6, to the function $\mathcal{B}(x) = x^3$. \square

5. CONCLUSION

In this study, we have considered the Bullen-Simpson type integral inequalities. We have proved a new integral identity. Based on this identity, we have established some new Bullen-Simpson type inequalities for functions whose first derivatives are s -convex. We have also discussed the cases when the first derivatives are bounded as well as Hölderian and we have derived some special cases. Some applications to numerical quadratures and inequalities involving means are provided at the end.

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